

The Colour Wheel

Hue

A Hue refers to the dominant Colour Family of the specific colour we're looking at. E.G. Burgandy and Crimson would be referred to as **Red**.



Tint

Tints are created when white is added to any hue on the colour wheel. This process lightens and desaturates the hue.

Monochrome



Using only one colour, its tints and shades.

Complementary/Contrasting Colours



These are opposites on the colour wheel and look good when placed together.

Harmonious Colours



Groups of 3 colours next to each other on the colour wheel.

Split-Complementary Colours



Using colours on either side of a chosen colours complimentary colour.

Primary Colours

A Primary colour is one that can't be made by mixing other colours.

The Primary Colours are **Red**, **Blue** and **Yellow**.

Secondary Colours

These are colours that can be made by mixing the primary colours together.

Red + **Blue** = **Violet**

Red + **Yellow** = **Orange**

Yellow + **Blue** = **Green**

Tertiary Colours

These are colours that are made by mixing a primary and the secondary colour adjacent to it e.g. **Blue** + **Green** = **Blue-Green**. To make browns, you can mix two complementary colours.